

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

THE CONDOR.

Bulletin of the

COOPER ORNITHOLOGICAL CLUB

OF CALIFORNIA.

Published bi-monthly at Santa Clara, Cal., in the interests and as Official Organ of the Club.

CHESTER BARLOW, - - Santa Clara, al., Editor and Business Manager.

WALTER K. FISHER, Stanford University Cal. HOWARD ROBETRSON, Box 55, Sta. A., Los Angeles. Associates.

Subscription, (in advance) - - One Dollar a Year. Single Copies, - - - - - - - 25 Cents. Six Copies or more of one issue, Foreign Subscription, - - - - - - - \$1.2½ Cents Each. Free to Honorary Members and to Active Members not in arrears for dues.

Advertising rates will be sent on application.

Advertisements and subscriptions should be sent to the Business Managers.

Exchanges should be sent to the Editor-in-Chief.

Entered at the Santa Clara Post-office as second class matter.

This issue of The Condor was mailed July 15.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The Tenth Supplement to the A. O. U. Check-List appears in the July Auk and ornithologists may again breathe freely, including also the describers of new subspecies, whose feathered idols have been relegated to that bourne whence they seldom return. But seriously speaking, the supplement contains numerous changes in nomenclature and a goodly array of new species and subspecies finds place upon the list. The list of non-accepted species and subspecies is surprisingly large, but one must feel it impossible to comprehend upon which certain characters one subspecies is accepted and another rejected. We note surprising action in the case of Pipilo fuscus carola McGREGOR, described in The CONDOR (I, 1899, p. II). Mr. McGregor subsequently pointed out that the type was a bird in freshlyacquired fall plumage, and that the alleged race should be relegated to synonymy (Pac. Coast Avifauna, 1901, p. 15), but instead has occurred the unfortunate action of giving the subspecies a place on the check-list. It is not, therefore, surprising that the lay ornithologist should marvel at the mysteries of our check-list.

An editorial in *The Osprey* for May comments upon the inaptness of the use of bird names as titles of magazines devoted to ornithology. This is a conclusion which every thinking person must have evolved who has endeavored to solve the relationship of *Plautus impennis*, of *Botaurus lentiginosus*—habitue of the marsh— or of our western *Gymnogyps*—proud and majestic though he may be—to the various magazines bearing these birds'

common and more euphonious cognomens. The association of any of these names with the magazines bearing them suggests nothing, and this being an age of progression, we shall expect to see our contemporary adopt its own sensible advice and head the reform movement. The editorial in question suggests such titles as *The Wilsonia*, *The Audubonia*, etc., as being properly applicable to the American bird magazine.

We had expected to present several halftones of interesting Galapagos bird subjects in this issue, but the lateness of arrival of the expedition and consequent delay in developing the numerous negatives secured, precludes the appearance of the anticipated cuts until our September issue. Messrs. Beck and Adams will also contribute articles to The Condor touching on the Galapagos fauna and their visit to that interesting spot,—Guadalupe Island.

We bow a gracious acknowledgment to Lieut. Jno. W. Daniel Jr., who recently attested his faith in The Condor by enclosing a \$5 bill, covering the current volume and four years' advance subscription.

do do do

SAVE THE BIRDS' STOMACHS.

We would earnestly request members of the Cooper Ornithological Club who collect birds' skins to have the bird render a double value to science by preserving the stomachs for examination. As is generally known the Department of Agriculture is engaged in determining the foods of various birds, upon which results are based bulletins of great economic value. Prof. F. E. L. Beal is at this time engaged in collecting stomachs in California and at the request of this magazine submits the following suggestions for those who may care to undertake the work:

"The Biological Survey is desirous of procuring the stomachs of birds for the purpose of investigating their food habits. In furtherance of this object it solicits the cooperation of the ornithologists of California and requests that they preserve the stomachs (gizzards and crops) of such birds as they may collect. The Survey will furnish on application blank schedules for recording data, tags for numbering the stomachs and franked envelopes for mailing. When collected, the stomachs should be placed in alcohol or formalin for at least a week. Before forwarding to the Department they should be taken out and dried for half an hour or so; then placed in a baking powder can or cigar box, wrapped with a franked envelope on the outside and mailed. In order to reimburse the collector for the outlay for alcohol etc., the sum of five cents will be paid for each stomach sent in."